

# UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM

**School of Computer Science**

**Theories of Computation**

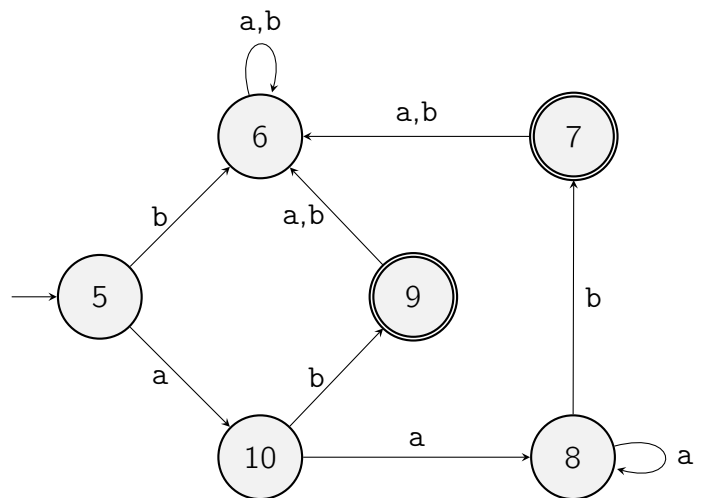
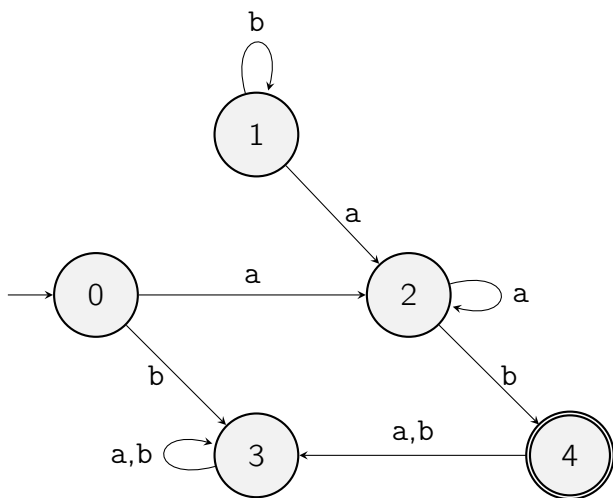
May 2016

# Theories of Computation

Exam length: 1.5 hours. Answer all questions.

## Question 1 : Regular Languages and Automata

- (a) Give a regular expression for the language over the alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  consisting of all words in which  $a$  occurs an even number of times. **[7 marks]**
- (b) Give a deterministic finite state automaton for this language. **[7 marks]**
- (c) Let  $L$  be the language over the alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  consisting of all words in which  $a$  and  $b$  occur an equal number of times. Show that  $L$  is not regular. **[8 marks]**
- (d) Here are two deterministic finite state automata.



Show that they recognize the same language.

**[7 marks]**

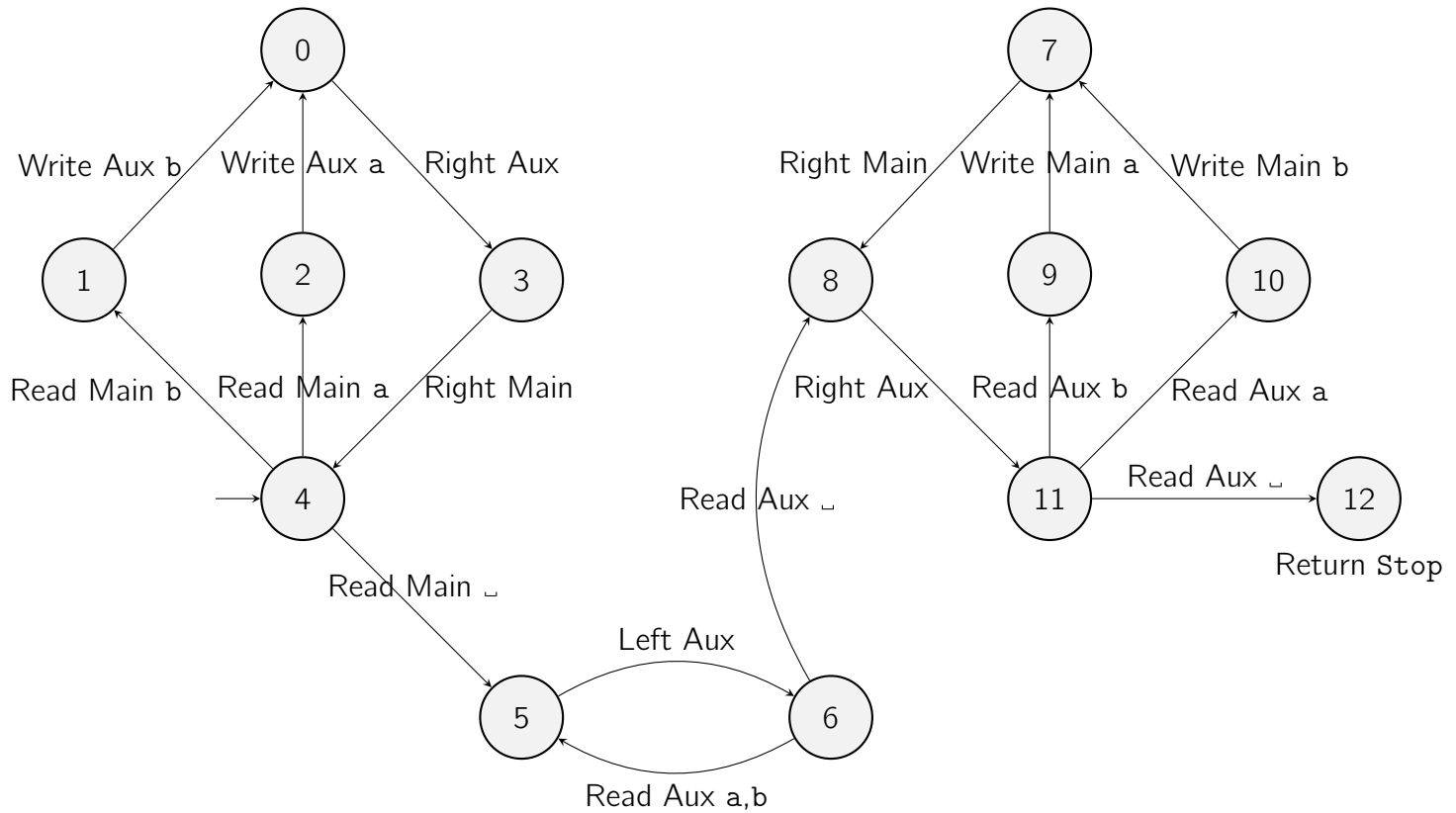
## Question 2 : Decidability

You are an employee of Ellipse Ltd, which sells an integrated development environment (IDE) for Java programmers. The IDE is itself written in Java. A new version is being developed.

- (a) The manager says to you: "Create a button that determines whether, in the Java file selected by the user, there are two different declarations of variables with the same name." (For example, if there are two different lines declaring `int i`, then the button will print Yes.) Can this be accomplished? Explain your answer. **[7 marks]**
- (b) The manager says to you: "Create a button that determines whether the Java method selected by the user may be called with some argument that will cause an exception to be thrown." Can this be accomplished? Explain your answer. **[7 marks]**
- (c) The manager has decided that the new IDE will be written not in Java but in a different programming language. Does that make a difference to your answers? Explain. **[8 marks]**

### Question 3 : Turing Machines

Look at the two-tape machine below.



Initially, the main tape contains a nonempty block of a's and b's with the rest of the tape blank, and the head over the leftmost character. The auxiliary tape is initially blank.

- If the initial block is ab, show the first five execution steps. (Altogether 25 steps are performed before the machine halts.) After each step, you should show the current state, the contents of each tape and the position of each head. **[7 marks]**
- What does this machine do in general? **[7 marks]**
- What is the complexity of this machine, in terms of the length  $n$  of the block that is initially on the main tape? Explain your answer briefly. **[7 marks]**

### Question 4 : Complexity

In the popular puzzle Sudoku, a square grid of  $n^2 \times n^2$  small squares is displayed, divided into  $n \times n$  square subgrids each consisting of  $n \times n$  small squares, and partially filled with numbers in the range 1 to  $n^2$  inclusive. The task is to fill all the remaining squares with numbers in the range 1 to  $n^2$  inclusive, in such a way that in each column, each row and each subgrid, every number appears precisely once. Here is an example with  $n = 3$ .

Partially filled grid

5	3			7				
6			1	9	5			
	9	8					6	
8				6				3
4			8		3			1
7				2				6
	6					2	8	
			4	1	9			5
				8			7	9

Solution

5	3	4	6	7	8	9	1	2
6	7	2	1	9	5	3	4	8
1	9	8	3	4	2	5	6	7
8	5	9	7	6	1	4	2	3
4	2	6	8	5	3	7	9	1
7	1	3	9	2	4	8	5	6
9	6	1	5	3	7	2	8	4
2	8	7	4	1	9	6	3	5
3	4	5	2	8	6	1	7	9

- (a) Not every partially filled grid is solvable. Explain why solvability of a partially filled grid is in  $\mathcal{NP}$ . **[7 marks]**
- (b) It has been shown that this problem is NP-complete. Explain what that means. **[7 marks]**

### Question 5 : Lambda calculus

*Removed. Not on the syllabus this year.*

**[14 marks]**