

UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM

School of Computer Science

Mathematical and Logical Foundations of Computer Science Class Test

Resit Class Test 2020/21

Mathematical and Logical Foundations of Computer Science

Class Test

Question 1 [Math]

(a) Set Theory

- (i) Consider the binary relation R on $\mathbb{Z}_5$ given by

$$R = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{Z}_5 \times \mathbb{Z}_5 \mid x + y = 0\}$$

List the elements of R .

[2 marks]

Is R reflexive, symmetric, transitive? Is it an equivalence relation? Give brief justifications or counterexamples.

[4 marks]

- (ii) Discuss the similarities and differences between $\mathbb{Z}$ and the elements of the Java datatype `int`.

[4 marks]

(b) Linear Algebra

Consider the following points in 3D space

$$P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad P_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad P_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Show that they form a *scalene* triangle (i.e., a triangle in which no two sides have the same length).

[3 marks]

- (ii) The triangle defines a plane E in $\mathbb{R}^3$. Give its parametric representation and its normal form.

[3 marks]

- (iii) Find the nearest neighbour of $Q = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ on E .

[2 marks]

- (iv) Find a basis for $\mathbb{R}^3$ containing two sides of the triangle.

[2 marks]

Question 2 [Logic]

(a) Propositional logic

- (i) Let F be the following proposition: $(\neg(P \vee Q)) \rightarrow ((\neg P) \rightarrow (\neg Q) \rightarrow R) \rightarrow R$. Provide an intuitionistic Natural Deduction proof of F .

[5 marks]

- (ii) Is F valid? Justify your answer.

[1 mark]

- (iii) Consider the formula F , where $\vee$ is turned into an $\wedge$, i.e., let G be $(\neg(P \wedge Q)) \rightarrow ((\neg P) \rightarrow (\neg Q) \rightarrow R) \rightarrow R$. Is G valid? Is it satisfiable? Justify your answers.

[4 marks]

(b) **Predicate Logic**

Consider the following signature:

- Function symbols: `zero` (arity 0); `succ` (arity 1)
- Predicate symbols: `<` (arity 2)

We will use infix notation for the binary symbol `<`. Consider the following formulas that capture properties of the above symbols:

- let S_1 be $\forall x. x < \text{succ}(x)$
- let S_2 be $\forall x. \neg(x < x)$

(i) Provide a constructive Sequent Calculus proof of:

$$S_1, S_2 \vdash \neg(\forall x. \forall y. x < y \rightarrow \text{succ}(x) < y)$$

You are allowed to write 0 for `zero`, 1 for `succ(zero)`, 2 for `succ(succ(zero))`, etc. (Hint: 9 proof steps are enough to complete this proof, but feel free to use a different number of proof steps in your proof.)

[6 marks]

(ii) Provide a model M_1 such that $\models_{M_1} \neg(\forall x. \forall y. x < y \rightarrow \text{succ}(x) < y)$, and a model M_2 such that $\models_{M_2} \forall x. \forall y. x < y \rightarrow \text{succ}(x) < y$

[4 marks]